STATE OF COLORADO

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DIVISION TELEPHONE: (303) 692-3150



CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

PERMIT NO:

05PR0027

DATE ISSUED:

JUL 25 2012

INITIAL APPROVAL

Modification No. 3

ISSUED TO:

Lamar Utilities Board

THE SOURCE TO WHICH THIS PERMIT APPLIES IS DESCRIBED AND LOCATED AS FOLLOWS:

Utilities electric power generation facility, known as Lamar Light & Power Plant, located at 100 North 2nd Street, Lamar, Prowers County, Colorado.

THE SPECIFIC EQUIPMENT OR ACTIVITY SUBJECT TO THIS PERMIT INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING:

Lamar Repowering Project to replace an existing natural gas fired electric utility boiler. Details of equipment and activities under this project are given in Attachment A.

THIS PERMIT IS GRANTED SUBJECT TO ALL RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE COLORADO AIR QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION AND THE COLORADO AIR POLLUTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT C.R.S. (25-7-101 et seq), TO THOSE GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS INCLUDED IN THIS DOCUMENT AND THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS:

- 1. Visible emissions shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) opacity during normal operation of the source. During periods of startup, building of a new fire, cleaning of fire boxes, soot blowing, process modification, or adjustment or occasional cleaning of control equipment visible emissions shall not exceed 30% opacity for more than six minutes in any sixty consecutive minutes. Opacity shall be measured by EPA Method 9. (Reference: Regulation No. 1, Section II. A. 1. & 4.)
- 2. AIRS Point ID numbers (for example, "AIRS PT ID: 004") shall be marked on the subject equipment for ease of identification. (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section III. E.) (State only enforceable)
- 3 If multiple provisions apply the most stringent provision shall be applicable.
- This repowering project is subject to Regulation No. 3-Stationary Source Permitting and Air Pollutant Emission Notice Requirements, Part D-Concerning Major Stationary Source New Source Review and Prevention of Significant Deterioration, VI-Requirement applicable to attainment and unclassifiable areas and pollutants under Section 110 of the Federal Clean Air Act (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Program). Best Available Control Technology (BACT) shall be applied for emissions of Particulate Matter (TSP) and Particulate Matter less than 10 micrometers (microns) aerodynamic diameter (PM₁₀), Carbon Monoxide (CO), and Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). The following BACT shall be implemented, and the specified emission limits shall be complied with for the above pollutants (TSP, PM₁₀, CO and SO₂) from various emission sources:

"Startup" means the setting in operation of any air pollution source for any purpose. Setting in operation of the boiler begins when fuel is first fired in the boiler and ending when the minimum

stable operating load is achieved. "Shutdown" means the cessation of operation of any air pollution source for any purpose. The cessation of the operation of the boiler begins when the command signal is initiated by the unit operator to shutdown the unit and ends when fuel is no longer being fired and the fans have been shut off.

Particulate Matter and PM₁₀ BACT:

Circulating Fluidized Bed Boiler (AIRS Point ID: 004):

High efficiency fabric filter baghouse shall be used for control of emissions of filterable particulate matter. Emissions of filterable particulate matter shall not exceed 0.015 pound per million BTU of heat input, averaged for the duration of the compliance test/s. Maximizing the heat transfer from the combustion gases, thus maximizing the condensation prior to the baghouse, shall be utilized to minimize emissions of condensable particulate matter. Condensable particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.02 pound per mmBtu heat input.

These condensable particulate matter emissions need to be quantified by sufficient testing to establish the actual emissions, and to adjust the emission limit. If testing establishes the condensable particulate emissions limit is not reasonably achievable, an increase in the emission limit shall be requested.

Any request for an increase in the particulate emission limit(s) shall be accompanied by appropriate impact modeling to demonstrate compliance with various requirements. The Division will take into consideration any previous modeling that may have been conducted by the permittee and approved by the Division.

Except during periods of startup / shutdown, 6-minute average opacity shall not be in excess of 10 %. During startup / shutdown, opacity shall not exceed the limits specified under visible emissions condition.

Coal Handling, Storage, and Preparation (AIRS Point IDs: 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 010, and 011):

High efficiency baghouse shall be used for control of emissions of particulate matter. Emissions shall not exceed those determined as BACT, and specified below:

Source Description	Source ID	AIRS Point ID #	ACFM	BACT Std (grains/dscf)	TSP/PM ₁₀ (lbs per ton)	Opacity (%)
Coal Railcar Unloading System	C1	005	53,000	0.005	0.0361	10
Coal Dome Filing System	C2	006	5,000	0.005	0.0034	10
Coal Storage Dome	C3A & C3B	007	5,000	0.005	0.0034	10
Coal Reclaim System	C4	800	3,100	0.005	0.0021	10
Coal Crushing System	C5	009	13,760	0.005	0.0094	10
Coal Conveying System	C6	010	5,000	0.005	0.0034	10
Three Day Coal Silos	C7	011	20,140	0.005	0.0137	10

Particulate Matter and PM₁₀ BACT CONTD.:

Limestone Handling, Processing and Storage (AIRS Point IDs: 012, 013 and 014):

High efficiency baghouse shall be used for control of emissions of particulate matter. Emissions shall not exceed those determined as BACT, and specified below:

Source Description	Source ID	AIRS Point ID #	ACFM	BACT Std (grains/dscf)	TSP/PM ₁₀ (lbs per ton)	Opacity, %
Limestone Unloading Pit	L1	012	43,000	0.005	0.3222	10
Limestone Processing & Storage	L2	013	1,600	0.010	0.0360	10
Limestone Day Silo	L3	014	1,300	0.010	0.0390	10

Ash (used as inert material) Handling (AIRS Point IDs. 0015, and 016):

High efficiency baghouses shall be used for control of emissions of particulate matter. Emissions shall not exceed those determined as BACT, and specified below:

Source Description	Source ID	AIRS Point ID #	ACFM	BACT Std (grains/dscf)	TSP/PM ₁₀ (lbs per ton)	Opacity, %
Ash Vacuum Blower System	A1	015	1,340	0.010	0.0290	10
Ash Storage & Holding Silo	A2	016	75	0.010	0.0016	10

Trackmobile Railcars Mover Powered By Diesel Engine (AIRS Point ID: 017):

BACT for this source is determined as limited use (load and operation), and PM and PM₁₀ emissions shall not exceed **0.043** pound per mmBtu heat input.

Emergency Coal Stockpile (No AIRS Point ID assigned):

Use of this emergency stockpile is considered as an upset condition, and shall be reported to the Division under those provisions. The stockpile shall be reclaimed with minimum delay, and during the time stockpile is required, emission suppression measures such as water spray or foam blankets shall be used

Emergency Fire Water Pump Powered By Diesel Engine (AIRS Point ID: 002):

TSP/PM₁₀ BACT is determined as limited operation, and application of "Good Combustion Management Practices," and emissions of PM/PM₁₀ shall not exceed **0.08** pound per mmBtu heat input.

Fugitive Particulate Matter Emission Sources (APEN exempt):

The following emission control measures put together, is determined as BACT:

Water wash-down-systems shall be used for flushing down any accumulated dust on walkways, platforms, and other surfaces to prevent re-entrainment of the dust into the

atmosphere.

On-site haul roads shall be paved, and these surfaces shall be inspected at least once each day in which hauling activities occur, and cleaned as needed. Various cleaning methods shall be used depending on the extent of dust accumulations.

All transport vehicles containing substances that potentially generate fugitive particulate matter emissions (such as trucks containing limestone, inert material, or ash) shall be fully enclosed, or covered with a mechanical closing lid or a tight tarp-like cover at all times while on the facility grounds except during loading / unloading operations. Railcars containing coal are not considered transport vehicles and are not required to be fully enclosed.

Emissions from emergency coal stockpile shall be effectively controlled with water dust suppression system.

Carbon Monoxide (CO) BACT:

Circulating Fluidized Bed (CFB) Boiler (AIRS Point ID: 004):

BACT is determined as "Good Combustion Management Practice." Emission of Carbon Monoxide shall not exceed **76.5** pound per hour based on a rolling 3-hour average.

Trackmobile Railcars Mover, Diesel Engine (AIRS Point ID: 017):

Limited operation of the unit and "Good Combustion Management Practices" combination is determined as BACT. Emissions of Carbon Monoxide shall not exceed **0.74** pound per mmBtu heat input.

Emergency Fire Water Pump, Diesel Engine (AIRS Point ID: 002):

Limited operation of the engine and "Good Combustion Management Practices" combination is determined as BACT. Emissions of Carbon Monoxide shall not exceed **0.61** pound per mmBtu heat input.

Sulfur Dioxide BACT:

Circulating Fluidized Bed Boiler (CFB) Boiler (AIRS Point ID: 004):

Injection of limestone into the circulating fluidized bed during combustion of coal to absorb Sulfur Dioxide. Emissions of Sulfur Dioxide shall not exceed a daily average of **0.103** pound per mmBtu heat input.

Trackmobile Railcars Mover, Diesel Engine (AIRS Point ID: 017):

Limited operations and use of low-sulfur diesel fuel is determined as BACT. Diesel sulfur content shall not exceed **0.05** % by weight and emissions of Sulfur Dioxide shall not exceed **0.051** pound per mmBtu heat input.

Emergency Fire Water Pump, Diesel Engine (AIRS Point ID: 002):

Limited operations and use of low-sulfur diesel fuel is determined as BACT. Diesel sulfur content shall not exceed **0.05** % by weight and emissions of Sulfur Dioxide shall not exceed **0.06** pound per mmBtu heat input.

- 5. In respect of air pollutants not specifically covered under BACT condition, Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) requirements shall apply to the specific air pollutant at any such time that emissions of the specific air pollutant becomes significant for PSD solely by virtue of a relaxation in any permit condition. Any relaxation that increases the potential to emit above the applicable PSD threshold will require a full PSD review of the source as though construction had not yet commenced on the source. The source shall not exceed the PSD threshold until a PSD permit is granted. Records of the analysis, documenting that major modification was not triggered for these pollutants, shall be kept at site, and made available to the Division for review on request. These records shall be updated whenever emission changes occur at this facility. (Reference: Regulation No.3, Part D, Section VI. B.
- 6. "Good Combustion Management Practices" shall include but not limited to monitoring and control of several operating parameters. Specific details defining Good Combustion Management Practices for each applicable emission source and pollutants shall be included in the required operating and maintenance plan and recordkeeping formats.
- 7. Various emission sources are subject to Regulation No. 6-Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, including, but not limited to, the following:

Part A-Federal Register Regulations (Chapter 1, Title 40 CFR Part 60) Adopted By Reference:

		NSPS Subpart Da	Parent Parent
Source Description	Pollutants	Standards /Requirements	Citation(s)
	et et	0.015 lb/mmBtu	§ 60.42 Da (c)(2)
	Particulate Matter (PM & PM ₁₀)	20 % opacity (except one 6-min period per hour of not more than 27 %)	60.42 Da (b)
		Continuous Opacity Monitoring	§ 60.49 Da (a)
	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	1 4 lb/MWh (30-day rolling average)	§ 60.43 Da (i)(1)(i)
		OR 95 % reduction (30-day rolling average)	§ 60.43 Da (i)(1)(ii)
Coal-fired boiler (AIRS Point 004)	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	Continuous Emission Monitoring (CEM)	§ 60.49 Da (b)
		0.5 lb/mmBtu (30-day rolling average); 65 % reduction	§ 60.44 Da (a)(1)&(2)
	Nitrogen Oxides (expressed as NO ₂)	1.0 lb/MWh (30-day rolling average)	§ 60 44 Da (e)(1)
		Continuous Emission Monitoring	§ 60 49 Da (c)(1)
	O ₂ or CO ₂	Continuous Monitoring for Oxygen (O ₂) or Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	§ 60 49 Da (d)

Mercury from bituminous coal	0.020 lb/Gigawatt-hour output (12 month rolling average)	§ 60.45 Da (a)(1)
Mercury from sub- bituminous coal with dry FGD for SO ₂ control	0.097 lb/Gigawatt-hour output (12 month rolling average)	§ 60.45 Da (a)(2)(ii)
Maraun (Ha)	Continuous Emission Monitoring	§ 60.49 Da (p)
Mercury (Hg)	OR Sorbent Trap Monitoring	§ 60.49 Da (q)

NSPS Subpart Y				
Source Description	Pollutants	Standards /Requirements	Citation(s)	
(AIRS Points 005 –011) Coal handling and preparation	Particulate Matter	Opacity shall be lesser 20 %.	§ 60.252(c)	

(Note: If	a crusher is not ins	NSPS Subpart OOO talled at this facility, NSPS Subpart wi	ill no longer apply)
Source Description	Pollutants	Standards /Requirements.	Citation(s)
		0.022 grain per dscf	§ 60.672(a)(1)
	Particulate Matter	7 % Opacity	§ 60.672(a)(2)
and handling system		10 % Opacity for fugitive emissions	§ 60.672(b)

NSPS Subpart IIII					
Source Description	Pollutants	Standards /Requirements	Citation(s)		
(AIRS Points 002) 373 hp Diesel Engine (EMERGENCY)	NOx	4.0 grams per kW-hour	These requirements will apply if the unit is an		
	со	3.5 grams per kW-hour	emergency unit that is not a Fire Pump		
	PM/PM ₁₀	0.4 grams per kW-hour	§ 80.112		
	NMHC + NOx	7.8 grams per horsepower-hour	These requirements will apply if the unit is a Fire		
(AIRS Points 002) 373 hp Diesel Engine (FIRE PUMP)	СО	2.6 grams per horsepower-hour	Pump that is NEPA certified		
	PM/PM ₁₀	0.4 grams per horsepower-hour	§ 60.4205 (c) Table 4 to Subpart IIII		

	Fuel Sulfur Content requirement starting from October 1, 2007	Sulfur content of fuel used shall not exceed 500 ppm. Fuel used shall have a minimum cetane index of 40 or have a maximum aromatic compound content of 35% by volume.	§ 60.4207 (a)
(AIRS Points 002) 373 hp Diesel Engine	Fuel Sulfur Content requirement starting from October 1, 2010	Sulfur content of fuel used shall not exceed 15 ppm. Fuel used shall have cetane index of 40 or have a maximum aromatic compound content of 35% by volume.	§ 60.4207 (b)
* Lando poi	Compliance shall be de specifications provided location and made avail	§ 60.4207 (a) & (b)	
	A non-resettable hour m	§ 60.4209 (a)	
	Diesel particulate filter (if used) must be installed with a backpressure monitor that notifies the owner or operator when the high backpressure limit of the engine is approached.		§ 60.4209 (b)
(AIRS Points 002) 373 hp Diesel Engine Contd.	All engines and control and maintained according by the engine manufactors	§ 60.4211 (a)	
	records of any corrective	ter is used, the owner or operator must keep a action taken after the backpressure monitor r operator that the high backpressure limit of the	§ 60.4214 (c)

Part B-Specific Facilities and Sources (Colorado State NSPS)

Source Description	Poliutants	Standards /Requirements	Citation(s)
(AIRS Point 004)	Sulfur Dioxide	0.4 lb/mmBtu heat input	Regulation No. 1, VI. B.
Coal-fired boiler	Sullui Dioxide	Based on 3-hour rolling average	4. a. iii.

In addition, the following requirements of Regulation No. 6, Part A, Subpart A, General Provisions, apply.

- At all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction, the facility and control equipment shall, to the extent practicable, be maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether or not acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Division, which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source. (Reference: Regulation No. 6, Part A. General Provisions from 40 CFR 60.11
- b. No article, machine, equipment or process shall be used to conceal an emission that would otherwise constitute a violation of an applicable standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to, the use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with an opacity standard or with a standard that is based on the concentration of a pollutant in the gases discharged to the atmosphere. (§ 60.12)
- c. Written notification of construction and initial startup dates shall be submitted to the Division as required under § 60.7.
- d. Records of startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions shall be maintained, as required

under § 60.7.

- e. Written notification of continuous monitoring system demonstrations shall be submitted to the Division as required under § 60.7.
- f. Written notification of opacity observation or monitor demonstrations shall be submitted to the Division as required under § 60.7.
- g. Excess Emission and Monitoring System Performance Reports shall be submitted as required under § 60.7.
- h. Performance tests shall be conducted as required under § 60.8.
- i. Compliance with opacity standards shall be demonstrated according to § 60.11.
- Continuous monitoring systems shall be maintained and operated as required under § 60.13.
- 8. Various emission sources shall be equipped with emission control systems or device(s) capable of reducing the uncontrolled pollutant emissions by at least the control efficiencies specified in Attachment A. These control systems and device(s) shall be inspected, monitored, maintained, renewed, and operated as per the recommendations of the manufacturers to ensure ongoing satisfactory performance. Records of such inspection, monitoring, maintenance, and operation shall be maintained, and made available to the Division for inspection upon request.
- 9. Materials consumption, throughput and activities for all the emission sources in the Lamar Repowering Project facility shall be limited to the rates listed below, those for individual equipment and activities shall be limited to the rates specified in Attachment A, and all other activities, operational rates and numbers of equipment as stated in the application. Monthly records of the actual consumption rate shall be maintained by the applicant and made available to the Division for inspection upon request. (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section II. A. 4.)

Coal processing and storage shall not exceed 23, 414 tons per month and 275,677 tons per year. Coal combustion in the Boiler shall not exceed 23, 414 tons per month and 275,677 tons per year (Based on a coal high heat value of 8,100 Btu per pound)

Natural gas combustion shall not exceed 130.12 mmscf per month and 1,532 mmscf per year.

Limestone processing and storage shall not exceed 1,418 tons per month, and 16,700 tons per year.

Limestone consumption in the Boiler shall not exceed 1,418 tons per month, and 16,700 tons per year.

Fly ash storages and throughput shall not exceed 2,943 tons per month, and 34,646 tons per year.

Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel consumption for the Trackmobile shall not exceed 3,695 gallons per month and 43,500

Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel consumption for the Trackmobile shall not exceed 3,695 gallons per month and 43,500 gallons per year

(Based on fuel heat value of 139,000 Btu/gallon and diesel fuel sulfur content shall not to exceed 0.05 % by weight).

(Monthly emission limits are based on a 31-day month basis)

During the first twelve (12) months of operation, compliance with both the monthly and yearly consumption limitations shall be required. After the first twelve (12) months of operation, compliance with only the yearly limitation shall be required. Compliance with the yearly consumption limits shall be determined on a rolling twelve (12) month total.

Total emissions of air pollutants from all the equipment / activities of the Lamar Repowering Project shall not exceed the following limitations (as calculated in the Division's preliminary analysis). Compliance with the annual limits shall be determined on a rolling (12) month total. By the end of each month a new twelve month total is calculated based on the previous twelve months' data. The permit holder shall calculate monthly emissions and keep a compliance record on site for Division review. (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section II.A.4)

Particulate Matter (TSP)-Filterable:
Particulate Matter<10 μm (PM₁₀) -Filterable:
Particulate Matter (TSP) -Condensable from boiler:
Particulate Matter<10 μm (PM₁₀) -Condensable:
Sulfur Dioxide:
Nitrogen Oxides:
Carbon Monoxide:
Volatile Organic Compounds:
Hydrochloric Acid (HCl):
Hydrogen Fluoride (HF):
Total HAPs
Sulfuric Acid Mist:
Mercury (all sub-bituminous coal):
Mercury (all bituminous coal):

4.1 tons per month and 48.1 tons per year.
4.1 tons per month and 47.9 tons per year.
3.8 tons per month and 44.7 tons per year.
3.8 tons per month and 44.7 tons per year.
19.6 tons per month and 230.2 tons per year.
17.4 tons per month and 205.0 tons per year.
28.7 tons per month and 338.1 tons per year.
11.5 tons per year.
8.0 tons per year.
8.0 tons per year.
25.5 tons per year.
38 pounds per year.
8 pounds per year.

During the first twelve (12) months of operation, compliance with both the monthly and yearly emission limitations shall be required. After the first twelve (12) months of operation, compliance with only the yearly limitation shall be required. Compliance with the yearly emission limits shall be determined on a rolling twelve (12) month total.

A source compliance test shall be conducted when the boiler is operating at or above 90% of achievable power output of 40 MW (ie 36 MW or greater). Equipment to be tested includes the boiler (AIRS ID 004). The test shall gather the data listed below and measure the emission rates for the pollutants listed below to show compliance with emission limits / standards, to demonstrate the performance of the emission control devices / systems, to calibrate and certify the continuous emission monitoring systems and to produce a mass balance for CI and F.

The test protocol/s must be in accordance with the requirements of the Air Pollution Control Division Compliance Test Manual and shall be submitted to the Division for review and approval at least thirty (30) days prior to testing. No compliance test shall be conducted without prior approval from the Division. Any stack test conducted to show compliance with a monthly or annual emission limitation shall have the results projected up to the monthly or annual averaging time by multiplying the test results by the allowable number of operating hours for that averaging time (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part B., Section III, G. 3)

Coal-fired boiler referenced under AIRS POINT ID: 004

CI and F contained in the coal using EPA approved methods.
Proximate/Ultimate analysis of the coal
HCI and HF emitted from the boiler stack using EPA approved methods.
CI (HCI) and F (HF) contained in the ash using EPA approved methods.
Combustion rate of coal (tons/hour)
Generation rate of ash (tons/hour)
Rate of limestone injection (tons/hour)
Rate of ammonia injection (SNCR) (tons/hour)

Filterable Particulate Matter using EPA approved methods.
Condensable Particulate Matter using EPA approved methods.
Sulfur Dioxide using EPA approved methods.
Oxides of Nitrogen using EPA approved methods.
Carbon Monoxide using EPA approved methods.
Mercury using EPA approved methods.
Opacity using EPA approved methods.

The test protocol shall identify, for Division approval, which emission points will be tested. If there are difficulties of testing specific emission points, these may be indicated. With the approval for the test protocol, the Division will identify emission points that are required to be tested.

- Each coal delivery shall be sampled for Cl and F content and the source shall maintain records of the monthly assay results and a rolling 6 month average,
- 13. If the rolling 6 month average for either CI or F content in the coal exceeds 70 ppm then the source shall conduct an additional stack test within 60 operating days to verify emissions of HCI and HF. The test will use the same protocols as approved for the stack testing required in permit condition #11. I
- 14. Monthly Emissions of HCl and HF shall be calculated as follows:

Tons HCI = tons of coal consumed * (CI concentration (ppm)) * (36.45/35.45) * (1 – 0.6)
Where 36.45 = molecular weight of HCI
35.45 = Atomic weight of CI
0.6 = control efficiency (60%)

Tons HF = tons of coal consumed * (F concentration (ppm)) * (20/19) * (1 – 0.6)
Where 20 = molecular weight of HF
19 = Atomic weight of F
0.6 = control efficiency (60%)

15. In addition to the continuous emission monitoring systems specified under Regulation No. 6, Part A, requirement, the boiler shall be equipped a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) for Carbon Monoxide. All CEMS shall be capable of measuring and recording the emissions of those pollutants, and to show compliance with the emission limits (pounds per mmBtu heat input or lbs. per hour as applicable, tons per month, and tons per year). These CEMS shall conform to § 60.13 (incorporated to Regulation No. 6, Part A, Subpart A by reference). The CEMS shall also satisfy the requirements specified in Federal Register Regulations, Chapter 1, Title 40, CFR Parts 72, 75 and 76 (Note: The fluidized boiler is not subject the requirements of Part 76).

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INITIAL APPROVAL

- A Revised Air Pollutant Emission Notice (APEN) shall be filed: (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part A, Section II.C.)
 - a. Annually whenever a significant increase in emissions occurs as follows:

For any criteria pollutant:

For sources emitting less than 100 tons per year, a change in actual emissions of five tons per year or more, above the level reported on the last APEN submitted; or

For sources emitting **100 tons per year or more**, a change in actual emissions of five percent or 50 tons per year or more, whichever is less, above the level reported on the last APEN submitted; or

A change in actual emissions, above the level reported on the last APEN submitted, of 50 pounds of lead

For any non-criteria reportable pollutant:

If the emissions increase by 50% or five (5) tons per year, whichever is less, above the level reported on the last APEN submitted to the Division.

- b. Whenever there is a change in the owner or operator of any facility, process, or activity; or
- c. Whenever new control equipment is installed, or whenever a different type of control equipment replaces an existing type of control equipment; or
- d. Whenever a permit limitation must be modified; or
- e. No later than 30 days before the existing APEN expires.
- 17. At all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction, the facility and control equipment shall, to the extent practicable, be maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether or not acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Division, which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source. (Reference: Regulation No. 6, Part A. General Provisions from 40CFR60.11)
- 18. This source is subject to the provisions of Regulation No. 3, Part C. Operating Permits (Title V of the 1990 Federal Clean Air Act Amendments). The provisions of this construction permit must be incorporated into the operating permit. The application for the modification to the Operating Permit is due within one year of commencing operation of the equipment covered by this permit. (Reference Reg. 3, Part C. II.B.2)
- All previous versions of this permit are canceled upon issuance of this permit.
- The manufacturer, model number and serial number of the subject equipment shall be provided to the Division prior to Final Approval. (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section III. E.)

- 21. Within one hundred and eighty days (180) after commencement of operation, the applicant shall submit to the Division for approval an operating and maintenance plan for all control equipment and control practices, and a proposed record keeping format that will outline how the applicant will maintain compliance on an ongoing basis with the requirements of condition nos. 4, 7, 9, 10 and 11 listed above. The operating and maintenance plan shall commence at startup. (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section III.G.7.)
- 22. Within one hundred and eighty days (180) after commencement of operation, compliance with the conditions contained on this permit shall be demonstrated to the Division. It is the permittee's responsibility to self certify compliance with the conditions. Failure to demonstrate compliance within 180 days may result in revocation of the permit. (Information on how to certify compliance was mailed with the permit.)
- 23. This permit shall expire if the owner or operator of the source for which this permit was issued: (i) does not commence construction/modification or operation of this source within 18 months after either the date of issuance of this initial approval permit or the date on which such construction or activity was scheduled to commence as set forth in the permit application associated with this permit; (ii) discontinues construction for a period of eighteen months or more; or (iii) does not complete construction within a reasonable time of the estimated completion date (See General Condition No. 6., Item 1.). Upon a showing of good cause by the permittee, the Division may grant extensions of the permit. (Reference: Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section III.F.4.)

Michael Harris, P.E. Permit Engineer R. K. Hancock III, P.E. Unit Leader

Permit History:

Initial Approval: Issued on February 3, 2006.

Modification No. 1: This modification is considered as part of initial application and it includes (1) locomotive replacement, and (2) various emissions points' re-designation and redefinition. Also the permit has been revised to include the Fire Pump engine because of NSPS Subpart IIII requirements, since the unit is a diesel fired compression ignition (CI) internal combustion engine (ICE).

Initial Approval: Reissued on August 21, 2007.

Modification No. 2: Issued on October 13, 2009. Selective Non-Catalytic Reduction (SNCR) control device installed on the Coal-fired circulating fluidized bed boiler to control NOx emissions; No other changes other than equipment description.

Modification No.3 This issuance. Adjust emission limits for HCl and HF, update general terms.

Notes to Permit Holder.

These are for information purposes only and not intended to be enforceable conditions.

- The consumption / throughput and emission limits contained in this permit are based on those requested in the permit application. These limits may be revised upon request of the permittee providing there is no exceedance of any specific emission control regulation or any ambient air quality standard. A revised air pollution emission notice (APEN) and application form must be submitted with a request for a permit revision.
- This source is subject to the Common Provisions Regulation Part II, Subpart E, Affirmative Defense Provision for Excess Emissions During Malfunctions. The permittee shall notify the Division of any malfunction condition which causes a violation of any emission limit or limits stated in this permit as soon as possible, but no later than noon of the next working day, followed by written notice to the Division addressing all of the criteria set forth in Part II.E 1. of the Common Provisions Regulation. See: http://www.cdphe.state.co.us/regulations/airregs/100102aqcccommonprovisionsreg.pdf.
- This source is classified as a: Major Source Stationary Source.

 At a: Major Source for PSD and Operating Permit requirements.

 At an: Area source for Federal Hazardous Air Pollutant requirements

 This source is a synthetic minor source for Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) including HCl and HF and therefore is not a major source of HAP emissions. As such the source is not subject to a MACT 112(g) determination.
- 4) The following emissions of non-criteria reportable air pollutants are established based upon the throughput / consumptions as indicated in this permit. This information is listed to inform the operator of the Division's analysis of the specific compounds. This information is listed on the Division's emission inventory system.

C.A.S.#	SUBSTANCE (BIN)	EMISSIONS (lbs./year)
71-43-2	Benzene (A)	367
٥	Cyanide Compounds (A)	670
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	115
7647-01-0	Hydrochloric acid (A)	16,000
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	16,000
0	Mercury	38
0	Selenium Compounds (A)	983
0	Thallium Compounds (A)	2,546
7664-93-9	Sulfuric Acid (B)	5,047
7664-41-7	Ammonia (B) (state only)	15,340

5) The emission levels contained in this permit are based on the following emission factors:

Diesel fuel-fired Fire Pump (AIRS PT ID: 002) (pounds per mmBtu heat input)

Pollutants	EmiFactor (lbs./mmBtu)	Emission Controls	ContEff. %
Particulate Matter (PM)-Filterable	0.0786	None	0.00
PM ₁₀ – Filterable	0.0786	None	0.00

Sulfur Dioxide	0.0510	None	0.00
Nitrogen Oxides	1.3704	None	0.00
Volatile Organic Compounds	0.1572	None	0.00
Carbon Monoxide	0.6003	None	0.00

Coal-fired boiler (AIRS PT ID: 004-A) (pounds per mmBtu heat input)

Pollutant	EmiFactor (lbs./mmBtu)	Emission Controls	ContEff. %	
Particulate Matter (PM)-Filterable	8.8235	Fabric filter baghouse	99.83	
PM ₁₀ – Filterable	8.8235	Fabric filter baghouse	99.83	
PM - Condensable	0.0200	None	00.00	
PM ₁₀ – Condensable	0.0200	None	00.00	
Sulfur Dioxide	1.4799	Limestone Injection	93.04	
Nitrogen Oxides	0.0900	SNCR and "Good Combustion"	0.00	
Volatile Organic Compounds	0.0050	Combunition?	0.00	
Carbon Monoxide	76.5 lbs./hour	Combustion"	0.00	
Mercury	Allowable Standards, NSPS, Da			
Selenium Compounds	0.00022		0.00	
Thallium Compounds	0.00057		0.00	
Cyanide Compounds	0.00015	"Good Combustion"	0.00	
Sulfuric Acid	0.00113		0.00	
Ammonia	0.00343		0.00	

Trackmobile Railcars Mover (AIRS PT ID: 017) (pounds mmBtu Heat Input):

Pollutant	EmiFactor (lbs./mmBtu)	Emission Controls	ContEff. %
Particulate Matter (PM)-Filterable	0.0426		00.00
PM ₁₀ Filterable	0.0426	None	00.00
PM – Condensable		- Notice	00.00
PM ₁₀ - Condensable			00.00

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Sulfur Dioxide	0.0511		00.00	
Nitrogen Oxides	0.8524		00 00	
Volatile Organic Compounds	0.0455	"Good Combustion"	00 00	
Carbon Monoxide	0.7388		00.00	

Materials handling, processing (AIRS PT ID: 005 through 016) (pounds per ton of material):

These factors have been derived based on:

Particulate matter emissions controlled by fabric filter baghouses.

Baghouse outlet grain loading 0.005 grain per actual cubic foot for baghouses with greater than 3,000 ACFM air flow, and 99.50 % control efficiency for both PM and PM_{10}

Baghouse outlet grain loading 0.01 grain per actual cubic foot for baghouses with less than 3,000 ACFM air flow, and 99.00 % control efficiency for both PM and PM₁₀

AIRS PT ID	Emission Source	Emission Factor (lbs./ton)	Emission Controls	Control Efficiency, %
005	C1: Coal unloading from railcars	7.22	Fabric Filter	99.50
006	C2: Coal Head boxes	0.68	Fabric Filter	99.50
007	C3A & C3B: Coal Domes	0.68	Fabric Filter	99.50
800	C4: Coal Reclaim	0.42	Fabric Filter	99.50
009	C5: Coal Crusher	1.88	Fabric Filter	99.50
010	C6: Coal Transfer	0.68	Fabric Filter	99.50
011	C7: Coal Day Silo	2.74	Fabric Filter	99.50
012	L1: Limestone Unloading	64.44	Fabric Filter	99.50
013	L2: Limestone Crusher	3.60	Fabric Filter	99.00
014	L3: Limestone Day Silo	3.90	Fabric Filter	99.00
015	A1: Ash Vacuum	2.90	Fabric Filter	99.00
016	A2: Ash Silo	0.16	Fabric Filter	99.00

ATTACHMENT A DETAILS OF EQUIPMENT / ACTIVITIES COVERED UNDER THIS PERMIT FOR LAMAR REPOWERING PROJECT

AIRS PT ID	Process/Equipmen Make, Model, Serial Number, Design Construction Details, Consumption/T and Emiss	n Rate, Capacity, Dimensions, hroughput, Emission Controls,	Remarks /Specific Provisions
002	One (1) diesel fuel-fired, compression Internal Combustion Engine powering at 373 horsepower, identified as PE1. Process Rate Limit Diesel fuel consumption in the Emergency/Fire Pun (Based on diesel fuel heating value of 0.139 m Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable: Nitrogen Oxide:	ignition (CI), Reciprocating an emergency fire pump, rated an Engine 10,285 gallons per year	BACT: Good Combustion Management Practices" to minimize soot formation. PM /PM ₁₀ emissions limited to 0.08 pound per mmBtu input; Subject to NSPS, IIII. APEN Required Permit Exempt
	Volatile Organic Compounds:	0.1 tons per year	
	One (1) Babcock and Wilcox, Model: I sub-bituminous coal fired, circulating f heat input rated at 509.8 mmBtu per h Dioxide are controlled with limestone i zone. Emissions of particulate matter Make, Model: N/A, S/N: N/A, high tem filter baghouse, and by a Selective No control device to control NO _x emission 180,956 acfm. This is identified as S0	luidized bed, steam boiler, site tour. Emissions of Sulfur njection into the combustion are controlled by one (1) perature, high efficiency, fabric n-Catalytic Reduction (SNCR) as; gas flow design rated at	BACT Applicable to: CO, SO2, PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats Compliance Tests Continuous Emission Monitors Opacity Monitor Calibration and Certification
	Process Rate Limit: Coal consumption in the boiler: (Based on coal high heat value of 16.2)	275,677 tons per year 20 mmBTU per ton)	CEMs for Nitrogen Oxides, Sulfur Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, and Oxygen or Carbon Dioxide
004	Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable. PM ₁₀ - Filterable: Particulate Matter – Condensable: PM ₁₀ - Condensable Sulfur Dioxide: Nitrogen Oxide: Volatile Organic Compounds: Carbon Monoxide:	33.5 tons per year 33.5 tons per year 44.7 tons per year 44.7 tons per year 230.0 tons per year 201.0 tons per year 11.2 tons per year 335.1 tons per year	CEM or Sorbent Trap for Mercury Emission monitoring. Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Da for: Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide, Nitrogen Dioxides, and Mercury Subject to Regulation No. 6, Part B,II.D. Emission limits include emissions
	The Second Level In the Atlanta		from natural gas combustion used for startup only.

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	One (1) Custom-built, Railcars coal un tons per hour, operated under negative one efficient fabric filter baghouse with acfm and identified as C1.	e pres	ssure and vented through	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping
005	Process Rate Limit: Coal unloaded from Railcars: Emission Limits:	275	5,677 tons per year	Compliance Tests Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Y:
	Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:		tons per year tons per year	Opacity shall not equal or exceed 20 %.
	One (1) Custom-built, Coal Dome fillir Headboxes and loading Spouts vente filter baghouse with air flow design rat as C2	d throu	ugh one efficient fabric	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats
006	Process Rate Limit: Coal Throughput in the Dome Head b Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) - Filterable:		275,677 tons per year tons per year	Compliance Tests Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Y: Opacity shall not equal or exceed
	PM ₁₀ - Filterable: Two (2) Custom-built, bituminous or s	0.5	tons per year	BACT Applicable to:
007	Domes with a holding capacity of 6,00 through an efficient fabric filter baghot 5,000 acfm and identified as Vents C3	0 tons	s, each separately vented th air flow design rated at	PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats
007	Process Rate Limit: Coal Throughput in the Domes: Emission Limits:	275	,677 tons per year	Compliance Tests Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Y:
	Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:		tons per year tons per year	Opacity shall not equal or exceed 20 %.
	One (1) Custom-built, Starvac Coal Re one efficient fabric filter baghouse with acfm and identified as C4	eclaim n air flo	System, vented through ow design rated at 3,100	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀
80	Process Rate Limit: Coal Throughput in the Dome Reclaim	n Area	: 275,677 tons per year	O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats
#7(c)	Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:		tons per year tons per year	Compliance Tests Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Y: Opacity shall not equal or exceed 20 %.

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	Coal Crushing System, design rated a through one efficient fabric filter baghe 13,760 acfm and identified as C5.	at 150 ton per hour and vented ouse with air flow design rated at	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀
009	Process Rate Limit: Coal Processing:	275,677 tons per year	O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats Compliance Tests
	Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:	1.3 tons per year 1.3 tons per year	Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Y: Opacity shall not equal or exceed 20 %.
11	One (1) coal conveying system compliand one (1) Transfer Tower in between through one efficient fabric filter baghe 5,000 acfm and identified as C6.	n the two conveyors, vented	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping
010	Process Rate Limit: Coal Transfer:	275,677 tons per year	Formats Compliance Tests
	Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:	0.5 tons per year 0.5 tons per year	Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Y: Opacity shall not equal or exceed 20 %.
	Three (3) Custom-built, Day Silos with each, for crushed coal storage prior to furnace, and vented through one efficient flow design rated at 20,140 acfm a	feeding into the boiler steam sient fabric filter baghouse with	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats
011	Process Rate Limit: Coal Throughput in the Day Silos	275,677 tons per year	Compliance Tests
	Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:	1.9 tons per year 1.9 tons per year	Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart Y: Opacity shall not equal or exceed 20 %.

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= 65	One (1) Custom built limestone unloading Pit and hopper. Particulate matter controlled by enclosure under negative pressure, vented through one high efficient fabric filter baghouse with air flow design rated at 43,000 acfm and identified as L1	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats Compliance Tests
012	Process Rate Limit: Limestone Handling: Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable: 2.7 tons per year 2.7 tons per year	Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart OOO: PM limited to 0.022 grain per dscf Opacity from point sources shall not equal or exceed 7 % and Opacity from fugitive sources shall not equal or exceed 10 %
Ų	One (1) Limestone Crusher and one (1) Storage Silo, One (1) limestone unloading Pit and hopper. Particulate matter controlled by enclosure under negative pressure, vented through one high efficient fabric filter baghouse with air flow design rated at 1,600 acfm and identified as L2	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats
013	As an alternative to the crusher and point L1, pre-crushed limestone may be pneumatically conveyed directly into the storage silo.	Compliance Tests Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart OOO:
	Process Rate Limit: Limestone Handling: 16,700 tons per year	PM limited to 0.022 grain per dscf Opacity from point sources shall not equal or exceed 7 % and Opacity from fugitive sources shall not
	Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable: 0.3 tons per year 0.3 tons per year	equal or exceed 10 %.
12	One (1) limestone Day Silo for limestone storage prior to injection into the boiler; One (1) limestone unloading Pit and hopper. Particulate matter controlled by enclosure under	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀
014	negative pressure, vented through one high efficient fabric filter baghouse with air flow design rated at 1,300 acfm and identified as L3	O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats Compliance Tests
014	Process Rate Limit: Limestone Handling: 16,700 tons per year Emission Limits:	Subject to Federal NSPS Subpart OOO: PM limited to 0.022 grain per dscf Opacity from point sources shall not equal or exceed 7 % and
	Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable: 0.3 tons per year 0.3 tons per year	Opacity from fugitive sources shall not equal or exceed 10 %.

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015	One (1) Custom built Ash Vacuum Bloone high efficient fabric filter baghouse 1,340 acfm and identified as A1 Process Rate Limit: Ash Handling: Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:		BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats * Compliance Tests
016	One (1) Custom built Ash Silo for holdi boiler baghouse (SO4) and in boiler co off site. The system is vented through baghouse with airflow design rated at A2. Process Rate Limit: Ash Handling:: Emission Limits:	ollection bin prior to transport one high efficient fabric filter	BACT Applicable to: PM and PM ₁₀ O & M Plan and Recordkeeping Formats Compliance Tests
	Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable:	< 0.1 tons per year < 0.1 tons per year	
	One (1) Trackmobile Titan, Railcars M horsepower, Cummins, diesel fuel-fire Cummins engine and rated at 2.02 mm Process Rate Limit: Diesel fuel consumption in the Railcars Mover: (Based on diesel fuel heating value of 0.139 mm)	d engine, certified as Tier III nBtu per hour. 43,500 gallons per year	BACT: Good Combustion Management Practices" to minimize soot formation. PM /PM ₁₀ emissions limited to 0.043 pound per mmBtu input.
017	Emission Limits: Particulate Matter (PM) – Filterable: PM ₁₀ - Filterable: Sulfur Dioxide: Nitrogen Oxide: Volatile Organic Compounds: Carbon Monoxide:	0.1 tons per year 0.1 tons per year 0.2 tons per year 2.6 tons per year 0.2 tons per year 2.2 tons per year	

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018	Emission Limits: Fugitive Particulate Matter (PM): Fugitive PM ₁₀ :	<pre>0.2 tons per year <0.1 tons per year</pre>	paved to control PM /PM ₁₀ fugitive emissions. APEN EXEMPT
	Truck on-site haul and service roads Emission Limits:	S	BACT: All on-site haul roads to paved to control PM /PM ₁₀ fug emissions.

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS: (IMPORTANT! READ ITEMS 5, 6, 7 AND 8)

- This permit is issued in reliance upon the accuracy and completeness of information supplied by the applicant and is conditioned upon conduct of the activity, or construction, installation and operation of the source, in accordance with this information and with representations made by the applicant or applicant's agents. It is valid only for the equipment and operations or activity specifically identified on the permit.
- Unless specifically stated otherwise, the general and specific conditions contained in this permit have been determined by the APCD to be necessary to assure compliance with the provisions of Section 25-7-114.5(7)(a), C.R.S.
- Each and every condition of this permit is a material part hereof and is not severable. Any challenge to or appeal of, a condition hereof shall constitute a rejection of the entire permit and upon such occurrence, this permit shall be deemed denied ab initio. This permit may be revoked at any time prior to final approval by the Air Pollution Control Division (APCD) on grounds set forth in the Colorado Air Pollution Prevention Act and regulations of the Air Quality Control Commission (AQCC), including failure to meet any express term or condition of the permit. If the Division denies a permit, conditions imposed upon a permit are contested by the applicant, or if the Division revokes a permit, the applicant or owner or operator of a source may request a hearing before the AQCC for review of the Division's action.
- This permit and any required attachments must be retained and made available for inspection upon request at the location set forth herein. With respect to a portable source that is moved to a new location, a copy of the Relocation Notice (required by law to be submitted to the APCD whenever a portable source is relocated) should be attached to this permit. The permit may be reissued to a new owner by the APCD as provided in AQCC Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section II.B. upon a request for transfer of ownership and the submittal of a revised APEN and the required fee.
- 5. Issuance (initial approval) of an emission permit does not provide "final" authority for this activity or operation of this source. Final approval of the permit must be secured from the APCD in writing in accordance with the provisions of 25-7-114.5(12)(a) C.R.S. and AQCC Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section III G. Final approval cannot be granted until the operation or activity commences and has been verified by the APCD as conforming in all respects with the conditions of the permit. If the APCD so determines, it will provide written documentation of such final approval, which does constitute "final" authority to operate. Compliance with the permit conditions must be demonstrated within 180 days after commencement of operation.
- 6. THIS PERMIT AUTOMATICALLY EXPIRES IF the permittee (1) does not commence construction or operation within 18 months after either the date of issuance of this permit or the date on which such construction or activity was scheduled to commence as set forth in the permit, whichever is later; (2) discontinues construction for a period of 18 months or more; or (3) does not complete construction within a reasonable time of the estimated completion date. Extensions of the expiration date may be granted by the APCD upon a showing of good cause by the permittee prior to the expiration date.
- YOU MUST notify the APCD no later than fifteen days after commencement of the permitted operation or activity by submitting a Notice of Startup (NOS) form to the APCD. The Notice of Startup (NOS) form may be downloaded online at www.cdphe.state.co.us/ap/downloadforms.html. Failure to do so is a violation of AQCC Regulation No. 3, Part B, Section III.G.1., and can result in the revocation of the permit. You must demonstrate compliance with the permit conditions within 180 days after commencement of operation as stated in condition 5.
- Section 25-7-114.7(2)(a), C.R.S. requires that all sources required to file an Air Pollution Emission Notice (APEN) must pay an annual fee to cover the costs of inspections and administration. If a source or activity is to be discontinued, the owner must notify the Division in writing requesting a cancellation of the permit. Upon notification, annual fee billing will terminate.
- Violation of the terms of a permit or of the provisions of the Colorado Air Pollution Prevention and Control Act or the regulations of the AQCC may result in administrative, civil and/or criminal enforcement actions under Sections 25-7-115 (enforcement), -121 (injunctions), -122 (civil penalties), -122.1 (criminal penalties), C.R.S.